

YORKHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

Registered with the Financial Conduct Authority
Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 No. 02302RS

Registered Housing Association - Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 Registered Number HCB 209 Registered Scottish Charity Number SC040346

### MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE, EXECUTIVES AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISORS

Management committee

Y Alexis Chairperson C Armstrong Vice Chair **B** Docherty Secretary M Ralph Treasurer

Dr M Green P Braat N McPherson

N Fitzgerald Resigned 04 May 2023

J Wilson **B** Hanley M Chang D de Croy

Appointed 21 September 2023

M Mackintosh Appointed 9 November 2023, resigned 17 May 2024

**Executive officers** 

Marion Menabney Chief Executive retired 17 July 2023 Antony Mallaghan Chief Executive appointed 26 June 2023 Gary Watson Finance Manager

Stewart Pattison Deputy Chief Executive retired 05 April 2024

Robert Calvert **Property Services Manager** 

Deputy Chief Executive appointed 06 April 2024 **Grant Kennedy** 

Jacqueline Stirling Factoring Manager

**Registered Office** 1271 Argyle Street

Glasgow G3 8TH

**External Auditor** Internal Auditor

Azets Audit Services Wbg Titanium 1 168 Bath Street King's Inch Place Glasgow

G2 4TP Renfrew **PA14 8WF** 

Solicitors

TC Young & Son 7 West George Street Glasgow G2 1BA

**Bankers** 

Bank of Scotland 258/262 Dumbarton Road

Glasgow G11 6TU

### CONTENTS

	Page
Report of the Management Committee (incorporating the Strategic Report)	1 – 5
Management Committee's Statement on Internal Financial Controls	6
Auditor Report on Corporate Governance	7
Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements	8 – 11
Statement of Comprehensive Income	12
Statement of Changes in Capital and Reserves	13
Statement of Financial Position	14
Statement of Cash Flows	15
Notes to the Financial Statements	16 – 36

## REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

The Management Committee present their report (incorporating the Strategic Report) and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024.

### **Principal Activities**

The principal activities of the Association include:

- Provision and management of rented accommodation (467); and
- Management of properties on behalf of other owners. (494).

The results for the year are set out in the Statement of Comprehensive Income on page 12. The deficit has been deducted from the reserves brought forward.

The Association carries out an annual review each year to look to the future of the organisation and to prepare a 1–3-year future plan. The senior management team then progress the plan and the Finance Manager prepares budgets and cash flows to ensure the financial viability and stability of the plan. A strategy review was completed in the autumn of 2023 and a 3-year business plan was produced and approved by committee for 2022/23 to 2024/25, this also included a Strategic Options Appraisal.

Key objectives within the current plan include:

- The Association successfully defended a court case that led the Chief Executive to organise a full Governance Review to help ensure that the governance is up to date and appropriate for an organisation of this size. This is well underway and expects to complete late Autumn with recommendations to be considered by the Management Committee. A review was needed to update processes.
- Several wider role projects have been carried out or are being instigated. We secured short term
  funding for an Energy Advisor who administered our successful application to the Energy Fuel Fund
  for £58,000. We are also working in partnership with Jobs and Business Glasgow to help residents
  into employment or better paid employment which will help them and make our income from rent
  more secure.
- Capital works- A window replacement contract at Overnewton Court was completed in the year and
  works to begin to upgrade B and C listed in 2024/25. We have secured £360,000 of Government
  funding towards the windows for the B listed homes which is 50% of the costs. We have also secured
  £50,000 in funding from the Scottish Enterprise Scotland Can Do Innovation Green Heat Retrofit
  Innovation Challenge fund to investigate a green heating source for Overnewton Court which will
  hopefully secure more funding towards capital works if a successful innovative solution is found.
- Assurance Regulatory compliance is a key principle of the Association's purpose and business
  planning. The Association has an Assurance Evidence Bank which is reviewed annually to ensure
  the annual Assurance Statement is supported by updated documentary evidence. Compliance with
  SHR's Regulatory Standards is demonstrated by a wide range of documents, including internal and
  external reports, policy documents, minutes, and training records.
- Customer Engagement The Association completed a comprehensive residents survey which was completed in April 23. Three focus groups met, and the feedback reports were received in July 23.
- Policy Review Schedule During 2023/24 the Management Committee ensured its policy review schedule was kept up to date to assist ongoing compliance with legal and regulatory obligations and good practice. Policies were reviewed and updated as required and included Void Management, Allocations, Rent Arrears, Gas Safety, Acquisitions Strategy, Procurement, Planned Maintenance, Factoring, Committee codes of conduct and Payroll.

# REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

- Affordability The Management Committee is committed to providing homes and services at
  affordable rent levels for tenants. Value markers are used to monitor financial efficiencies to ensure
  affordable rent levels do not compromise organisational viability. Senior staff and committee
  members regularly monitor financial plans.
- Freedom of Information Act and GDPR UK— The Association received 2 FOI, 2 EIRS and 5 SAR
  requests during 2023/24. The Data Protection Officer reports quarterly to Committee to assure
  members that full compliance with the provisions of the legislation is being maintained. All staff
  have received refresher training to maintain knowledge and awareness of the organisation's legal
  obligations.
- Internal Audit During 2023/24 audits were completed in Cyber Security, Procurement and Risk Management were completed. An audit plan for 2024/25 has been approved at Committee.
- Implementation of new business system The Association implemented a new business system in December 2022 as part of the wider digital transformation strategy. The contractor and tenant portals are under development and a new version of the business system will be available later in the year.
- Property Acquisitions The Association acquired five properties under the Glasgow Affordable Housing supply programme.

### Risk and uncertainties

All risk registers were updated in accordance with the Association's Risk Management Policy. Specific risk assessments were undertaken in relation to:

- Finance
- Governance
- IT
- FOI/GDPR
- Housing Management
- Maintenance
- Factoring
- Health and Safety including Working at Heights
- Lone Working
- Infection Control
- Manual Handling
- Stress

### Financial and non-financial key performance indicators

The Association's current business plan will cover a 3- year period and follows 7 strategic objectives:

- Local Control and Accountability maintain YHA status as an independent social landlord, to
  preserve local control and accountability and community ownership of assets.
- Services deliver quality, value for money services that meets the varying needs and circumstances of our customers.
- Homes and Neighbourhoods- provide a high quality, locally responsive service to tenants and factored
  owners and work with our partners to make or neighbourhood clean and well cared for.
- Assets manage our assets well and spend our resources wisely.
- Communities and Engagement- increase levels of customer engagement, to help improve our services and our responsiveness to customers future priorities.
- Leadership and Financial maintain good governance and a strong business plan, to sustain our capacity to achieve our objectives and meet our obligations.
- Staff Development support and develop our staff members and teams to carry out their roles to an excellent standard and help everyone to reach their potential.

These core objectives underpin all business and planning activities undertaken by committee and staff.

# REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 2023-24 Strategic objective outcomes:

- Local Control and Accountability further to completion of a strategic options appraisal the Association will remain a fully independent and autonomous Housing Association and will work in partnership with other stakeholders.
- Services the Association continues to deliver a high-quality service to tenants and owners with high levels of satisfaction reported in the Charter return.
- Homes and Neighbourhoods the Association has reported high customer satisfaction levels. A
  provision has been included within the budget for bulk uplift services, landscaping and stair cleaning
  contracts are also in place. The Association has engaged with the council to address ongoing
  environmental issues.
- Assets the Association completed a component replacement program in the year. A detailed stock condition survey was undertaken, and a procurement framework has been agreed. The Association acquired 5 properties in March 24.
- Communities and Engagement- the Association have recently completed a comprehensive resident survey and focus groups in the year.
- Leadership and Management- all regulatory returns were completed and submitted on time. The
  Association met all legal obligations and achieved full compliance with SHR regulatory standards of
  Governance and Financial Management. A 30-year financial plan was completed and approved in
  December 22.
- Staff Development- YHA retain and attract a knowledgeable and dedicated workforce. A full
  training and development programs is adopted including team meetings/briefings, staff appraisals
  and training. A hybrid working model is in place to ensure overall business needs and customer
  views are met.

### Governance

### Governing Document

The Association as a social landlord is registered with the Scottish Housing Regulator, OSCR and the Financial Conduct Authority.

### Recruitment and Appointment of the Management Committee

One third of the Management Committee retire by rotation annually at the Annual General Meeting. They can then be nominated for re-election.

The Association endeavours to have a diverse range of Management Committee members who can bring their own skills to the Committee. This is achieved by direct contact with residents within the Yorkhill area as well as by networking and identifying members who could bring their own skills and experience to the Association's Management Committee.

### Annual Appraisal of Management Committee

An annual appraisal of the Management Committee is undertaken by an external organisation. The process involves assessments of the team's collective knowledge and also one to one interview for individuals. The report presented to Committee confirms the ongoing competences of all members in accordance with regulatory requirements.

### Organisational Structure

The 2023-24 Management Committee comprised board members: eleven fully elected members. The Management Committee meet ten times per year. There is also a governance and finance sub-committee and a services sub-committee, who meet quarterly and report directly to the Management Committee.

Delegated authority is in place and day to day responsibility for the provision of services rests with the Chief Executive. The Chief Executive is responsible for ensuring that the Association delivers the services specified and that key performance indicators are met. A new Chief Executive was appointed in June 23 further to the retirement of long-standing Chief Executive.

# REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### Management committee and executive officers

The Management Committee and executive officers of the Association are listed on the Association's information page at the start of the financial statements.

Each member of the Management Committee holds one fully paid share of £1 in the Association. The executive officers of the Association hold no interest in the Association's share capital and although not having the legal status of directors they act as executives within the authority delegated by the committee.

### Statement of management committee's responsibilities

Statute requires the Management Committee to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Association and of the income or expenditure of the Association for the year ended on that date. In preparing these financial statements, the Management Committee is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Association will continue in business.

The Management Committee is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Association. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Association and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### Related party transactions

Some members of the Management Committee are tenants or owner occupiers, however, the policies, procedures and agreements in place do not allow them to use their position on the committee to their personal advantage.

Related party transactions are documented at note 24.

### Internal financial control

The Committee is responsible for the Association's system of internal financial control and has reviewed its effectiveness from information provided by management staff.

Any system can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The financial control system within the Association is fundamentally simple and appropriate to the size and complexity of the organisation. It includes a combination of regular review of financial results compared with an agreed budget and authorisation of all expenditure by senior staff and Committee.

# REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### Disclosure of information to the auditor

To the knowledge and belief of each of the persons who are members of the Management Committee at the time the report is approved:

- So far as the Committee members are aware, there is no relevant information of which the Association's auditor is unaware; and
- He/she has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a Committee member in order to
  make himself/herself aware of any relevant information, and to establish that the Association's auditor
  is aware of the information.

### Auditor

During the year, a full procurement process was undertaken for external audit services. The outcome will be presented to the AGM and an auditor proposed for appointment at that point.

The report of the Management Committee (Incorporating the Strategic Report) has been approved by the Management Committee on 15 August 2024 and signed on its behalf by:

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B Docherty Secretary

Date: 15 August 2024

# MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE'S STATEMENT ON INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

The Management Committee acknowledges its ultimate responsibility for ensuring that the Association has in place a system of controls that is appropriate for the various business environments in which it operates.

These controls are designed to give reasonable assurance with respect to:

- the reliability of financial information for use within the Association;
- the maintenance of proper accounting records; and
- the safeguarding of assets against unauthorised use or disposition.

It is the Management Committee's responsibility to establish and maintain systems of internal financial control. Such systems can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material financial misstatement or loss. Key elements include ensuring that:

- formal policies and procedures are in place, including the documentation of key systems and rules relating to the delegation of authorities, which allow the monitoring of controls and restrict the unauthorised use of the Association's assets;
- experienced and suitably qualified staff take responsibility for important business functions, and annual appraisal procedures have been established to maintain standards of performance;
- forecasts and budgets are prepared regularly, which allow the Management Committee and staff to monitor the key business risks and progress towards financial plans set for the year and medium term;
- regular management accounts are prepared timeously, providing relevant, reliable and up to date financial and other information and significant variances from budget are investigated where appropriate;
- all significant new initiatives, major commitments and investment projects are subject to formal authorisation procedures;
- the Management Committee reviews reports from the Chief Executive, staff and the external and internal auditor to provide reasonable assurance that control procedures are in place and are being followed; and
- formal procedures have been established for instituting appropriate action to correct weaknesses identified from the above reports.

The Management Committee has confirmed the existence of the system of internal financial control in the Association for the year ended 31 March 2024.

By order of the Management Committee

Y Alexis Chairperson

Dated: 15 August 2024

# REPORT OF THE AUDITOR TO THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE MATTERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

In addition to our audit of the Financial Statements, we have reviewed your statement on page 6 concerning the Association's compliance with the information required by the Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial controls contained within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes which are issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator.

### **Basis of Opinion**

We carried out our review having regard to the requirements on corporate governance matters within Bulletin 2009/4 issued by the Financial Reporting Council. The Bulletin does not require us to review the effectiveness of the Association's procedures for ensuring compliance with the guidance notes, nor to investigate the appropriateness of the reason given for non-compliance.

### Opinion

In our opinion the Statement on Internal Financial Control on page 6 has provided the disclosures required by the relevant Regulatory Standards within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls and is consistent with the information which came to our attention as a result of our audit work on the Financial Statements.

Through our enquiry of certain members of the Management Committee and officers of the Association and examination of relevant documents, we have satisfied ourselves that the Management Committee's Statement on Internal Financial Control appropriately reflects the Association's compliance with the information required by the relevant Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial controls contained within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls.

Arets Avout Vervies

Azets Audit Services Statutory Auditor Titanium 1 King's Inch Place Renfrew PA4 8WF

Dated: 15 August 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF YORKHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Yorkhill Housing Association Limited (the 'Association') for the year ended 31 March 2024 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Capital and Reserves, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Cash Flows and the notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Association's affairs as at 31 March 2024 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, Part 6 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2019 issued by the Scotlish Housing Regulator.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Management Committee's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Association's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Management Committee with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Management Committee is responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF YORKHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### Other information (continued)

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- a satisfactory system of control over transactions has not been maintained; or
- the Association has not kept proper accounting records; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the books of account; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we need for our audit.

### Responsibilities of the Management Committee

As explained more fully in the Statement of the Management Committee's Responsibilities set out on page 4, the Management Committee is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Management Committee determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Management Committee is responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Management Committee either intend to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and report in accordance with the Act and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

### The extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above and on the FRC's website, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF YORKHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

# The extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities including fraud (continued)

We obtain and update our understanding of the entity, its activities, its control environment, and likely future developments, including in relation to the legal and regulatory framework applicable and how the entity is complying with that framework. Based on this understanding, we identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. This includes consideration of the risk of acts by the entity that were contrary to applicable laws and regulations, including fraud.

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the Association through discussions with the Management Committee members and the senior management team, and from our knowledge and experience of the RSL sector;
- we focused on specific laws and regulations which we considered may have a direct material effect
  on the financial statements or the operations of the Association, including the Co-operative and
  Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, Part 6 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010, the Determination
  of Accounting Requirements 2019 issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator, taxation, data
  protection, anti-bribery, employment, environmental and health and safety legislation;
- we assessed the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations identified above through making enquiries of the senior management team and the Management Committee and inspecting legal correspondence; and
- identified laws and regulations were communicated within the audit team regularly and the team remained alert to instances of non-compliance throughout the audit.

We assessed the susceptibility of the Association's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of the senior management team and the Management Committee as to where they
  considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud;
  and
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates were indicative of potential bias; and
- investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF YORKHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- reading the minutes of meetings of the Management Committee and relevant sub-committees;
- enquiring of the senior management team as to actual and potential litigation and claims;
- reviewing legal and professional fees paid in the year for indication of any actual and potential litigation and claims; and
- reviewing correspondence with HMRC, the Scottish Housing Regulator, OSCR and the Association's legal advisors.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Association's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 87 of the Cooperative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Association's members, as a body, those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Association and the Association's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Azets Audit Services Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants

Azets Aunt Cervines

Titanium 1 King's Inch Place Renfrew PA4 8WF

Date: 15 August 2024

Azets Audit Services is eligible for appointment as auditor of the Association by virtue of its eligibility for appointment as auditor of a company under section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006

### STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

	Notes	2024 £	2023 £
Turnover	4	2,601,108	2,349,186
Operating Expenditure	4	(2,717,001)	(2,307,892)
Operating (deficit)/surplus	4	(115,893)	41,294
Interest receivable Interest payable and financing costs Decrease in valuation of investment properties	10 11 14b	18,540 (31,865) (5,000)	8,540 (27,542) -
(Deficit)/surplus for the year before taxation		(134,218)	22,292
Taxation	12	-	-
(Deficit)/surplus for the year		(134,218)	22,292
Other comprehensive income			
Actuarial (loss) in respect of pension scheme	23	(168,000)	(133,000)
Total comprehensive income for the year		(302,218)	(110,708)

The results for the year relate wholly to continuing activities.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Management Committee on 15 August 2024 and signed on its behalf by:



# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL AND RESERVES AS AT 31 MARCH 2024

		_	
	Share Capital £	Revenue Reserves £	Total Reserves £
Balance at 1 April 2023	105	3,154,454	3,154,559
Total comprehensive income for the year	•	(302,218)	(302,418)
Issue of share capital	5	-	5
Cancellation of share capital	(7)		(7)
Balance at 31 March 2024	103	2,852,236	2,852,139
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL AND RESI AS AT 31 MARCH 2023	ERVES		
	Share	Revenue	Total
	Capital	Reserves	Reserves
	£	£	£
Balance at 1 April 2022	106	3,265,162	3,265,268
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(110,708)	(110,708)
Issue of share capital	5	-	5
Cancellation of share capital	(6)	-	(6)
Balance at 31 March 2023	105	3,154,454	3,154,559

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2024

	N	2024	2023
Tourish of the discount	Notes	£	£
Tangible fixed assets	4.4-		7 777 000
Housing properties	14a	8,810,392	7,777,020
Other fixed assets	14b	432,333	410,303
		9,242,725	8,187,323
Current assets			
Debtors	15	658,491	583,059
Cash at bank and in hand	16a	279,459	311,343
Investments	16b	875,572	1,517,121
		1,813,522	2,411,523
Creditors Amounts falling due within one year	17	(1,178,569)	(1,172,489)
Net current assets		634,953	1,239,034
Total assets less current liabilities		9,877,678	9,426,357
Creditors			
Amounts falling due after more than one year	18	(6,723,339)	(6, 143, 798)
Pension – defined benefit liability	23	(302,000)	(128,000)
Net Assets		2,852,339	3,154,559
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	20	103	105
Revenue reserves	21	2,852,236	3,154,454 
		2,852,339	3,154,559

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Management Committee on 15 August 2024 and signed on its behalf by:



### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

		Notes	2024 £	2023 £	
Net cash generated from operating act	Net cash generated from operating activities				
Cash flow from investing activities					
Purchase of fixed assets			(1,587,621)	(1,371,734	
Purchase of other fixed assets			(70,525)	(18, 108	
Government capital grants received			972,579	1,134,295	
Interest received			18,540	8,540	
O-ab flam from firm a direct and distant			(667,027)	(247,007)	
Cash flow from financing activities Interest paid			(25,865)	(27,542)	
Repayment of borrowings			(53,287)	(48,413)	
ssue of share capital			(50,207)	(+0,+15)	
Transfer to current asset investments			641,549	417,303	
SHAPS Past service deficit payment			-	(75,046)	
			562,402	266,307	
Net change in cash and cash equivaler	nts		(31,884)	(109,387)	
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 April		16a	311,343	420,730	
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 March	1	16a	279,459	311,343	
	At 1 April 2023	Cash flows	Other non- cash changes	At 31 March 2024	
Cook and each equivalents	£	£	£	£	
Cash and cash equivalents					
Cash	311,343	(31,884)	-	279,459	
Cash equivalents	1,517,121	(641,549)	-	875,572	
	1,828,464	(673,433)		1,155,031	
Borrowings					
Debt due within one year	(48,412)	(48,412)	42,076	(54,748)	
Debt due after one year	(783,635)	(13,412)	59,623	(724,012)	
	(832,047)	(48,412)	101,699	(778,760)	

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 1. General information

These financial statements are presented in Pounds Sterling (GBP), as that is the currency in which the Association's transactions are denominated. They comprise the financial statements of Yorkhill Housing Association drawn up for the year ended 31 March 2024.

The Association is defined as a public benefit entity and thus the Association complies with all disclosure requirements relating to public benefit entities. The Association is a registered social landlord in Scotland and its registered number is HCB 209.

The Association's Scottish Charity number is SC040346. The address of the Association's registered office is: 1271 Argyle Street, Glasgow, G3 8TH.

### 2. Accounting policies

### Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis of accounting subject to the revaluation of certain fixed assets and in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and comply with the requirements of the Determination of Housing Requirements 2020 as issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator and the Statement of Recommended Practice for Social Housing Providers issued in 2018.

The preparation of these financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Association's accounting policies (see note 3).

### Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis of accounting subject to the revaluation of certain fixed assets and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The effect of events relating to the year ended 31 March 2024, which occurred before the date of approval of the financial statements by the Board of Management have been included in the statements to the extent required to show a true and fair view of the state of affairs as at 31 March 2024 and of the results for the year ended on that date.

### Going Concern

The Management Committee anticipate that a surplus will be generated in the year to 31 March 2025 and in the year to 31 March 2026. The Association has a healthy cash balance and net current asset position and thus the Management Committee is satisfied that there are sufficient resources in place to continue operations in the foreseeable future. Thus, the Management Committee continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

### Turnover

Turnover represents rental and service charge income, factoring service income, and fees or revenue grants receivable from Glasgow City Council and from the Scottish Government.

Income from rental and service charges, factoring and commercial letting activities is recognised when the association is entitled to it, it is probable it will be received, and it can be measured reliably.

Income from revenue grants receivable have been covered in a separate accounting policy below.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 2. Accounting policies(continued)

### Apportionment of management expenses

Direct employee, administration and operating costs have been apportioned to the relevant sections of the income and expenditure account on the basis of costs of staff directly attributable to the operations dealt with in the financial statements.

### Interest receivable

Interest receivable is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income using the effective interest method.

### Interest payable

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

### Government capital grants

Government capital grants, amounts approved by The Scottish Government or local authorities, are paid directly to the Association as required to meet its liabilities during the development process. This is treated as a deferred capital grant and is released to income in accordance with the accrual model over the useful life of the asset it relates to on completion of the development phase. The accrual model requires the Association to recognise income on a systematic basis over the period in which the Association recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate.

### Government revenue grants

Government revenue grants are recognised using the accrual model which means the Association recognises the grant in income on a systematic basis over the period in which the Association recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate.

### Non-government capital and revenue grants

Non-government capital and revenue grants are recognised using the performance model. If there are no performance conditions attached the grants are recognised as revenue when the Association is entitled to them, it is probable they will be received, and they can be measured reliably.

A grant that imposes specific future performance related conditions on the recipient is recognised as revenue only when the performance related conditions are met.

A grant received before the revenue recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

### Fixed assets - Housing properties

Housing properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The development cost of housing properties includes:

- Cost of acquiring land and buildings; and
- Development expenditure including administration costs

These costs are either termed "qualifying costs" by The Scottish Government for approved social housing grant schemes and are considered for mortgage loans by the relevant lending authorities or are met out of the Association's reserves.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

All invoices and architects' certificates relating to capital expenditure incurred in the year at gross value before retentions are included in the accounts for the year, provided that the dates of issue or valuation are prior to the year-end.

Expenditure on schemes which are subsequently aborted is written off in the year in which it is recognised that the schemes will not be developed to completion.

### Depreciation

### 1. Housing properties

Each housing unit has been split between its major component parts. Each major component is depreciated on a straight line basis over its expected useful economic life. The following major components and useful lives have been identified by the Association:

Land - not depreciated Kitchens - over 18 years Bathrooms - over 18 years - over 50 years Structure Boilers - over 15 years - over 24 years Central heating - over 20 years Gutters Windows - over 20 years Tiles - over 40 years Lifts - over 15 years Flashings - over 30 years

### 2. Other fixed assets

Depreciation is charged on other fixed assets so as to write off the asset cost less any recoverable value over its anticipated useful life.

The following rates have been used:

Furniture, Fittings & Equipment - 20% straight line
Office Property - over 50 years

A full year's depreciation is charged in the year of purchase. No charge is made in the year of disposal.

### Investment property

Investment properties are initially recorded at cost. Thereafter investment properties are held at market value with any changes in market value recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The investment properties are not depreciated.

### Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

### Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

### Rental arrears

Rental arrears represent amounts due by tenants for rental of social housing properties at the year end. Rental arrears are reviewed regularly by management and written down to the amount deemed recoverable. Any provision deemed necessary is shown alongside gross rental arrears in note 15.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

### Financial instruments

The Association only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable and loans.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at the present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade payables or receivables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration, expected to be paid or received. However if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

### Pension costs (note 23)

### The Scottish Housing Association Defined Benefits Pension Scheme

The Association participates in The Scottish Housing Associations' Defined Benefits Pension Scheme (SHAPS) and retirement benefits to employees of the Association are funded by the contributions from all participating employers and employees in the scheme. Payments are made in accordance with periodic calculations by consulting actuaries and are based on pension costs applicable across the various participating Associations taken as a whole.

The SHAPS is accounted for as a defined benefit scheme and as such the amount charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in respect of pension costs and other post-retirement benefits is the estimated regular cost of providing the benefits accrued in the year, adjusted to reflect variations from that cost. The interest cost is included within other finance costs/income. Actuarial gains and losses arising from new valuations and from updating valuations to the reporting date are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

Defined benefit schemes are funded, with the assets held separately from the Association in separate trustee administered funds. Full actuarial valuations, by a professionally qualified actuary, are obtained at least every three years, and updated to reflect current conditions at each reporting date.

The pension scheme assets are measured at fair value. The pension scheme liabilities are measured using the projected unit method and discounted at the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency. A pension scheme asset is recognised on the Statement of Financial Position only to the extent that the surplus may be recovered by reduced future contributions or to the extent that the trustees have agreed a refund from the scheme at the reporting date. A pension scheme liability is recognised to the extent that the Association has a legal or constructive obligation to settle the liability.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 3. Judgements in applying policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions which affect reported income, expenses, assets, and liabilities. Use of available information and application of judgement are inherent in the formation of estimates, together with past experience and expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results in the future could differ from such estimates.

The Management Committee consider the following to be critical judgements in preparing the financial statements:

- The categorisation of housing properties as property, plant and equipment in line with the requirements of the SORP:
- The amount disclosed as 'operating profit' is representative of activities that would normally be regarded as 'operating'; and
- The identification of a cash generating unit for impairment purposes.

The Management Committee are satisfied that the accounting policies are appropriate and applied consistently. Key sources of estimation have been applied as follows:

Estimate Useful lives of property, plant and equipment	Basis of estimation The useful lives of property, plant and equipment are based on the knowledge of senior management at the Association, with reference to expected asset life cycles.
The main components of housing properties and their useful lives	The cost of housing properties is split into separately identifiable components. These components were identified by knowledgeable and experienced staff members and based on costing models.
Recoverable amount of rental and other trade receivables	Rental arrears and other trade receivables are reviewed by appropriately experienced senior management team members on a case by case basis with the balance outstanding together with the payment history of the individual tenant being taken into account.
Investment properties	The investment properties were valued by an appropriate qualified surveyor using market data at the date of the valuation.
The obligations under the SHAPs pension scheme	This has relied on the actuarial assumptions of a qualified actuary which have been reviewed and are considered reasonable and appropriate.

### 4. Particulars of turnover, operating expenditure and operating surplus

	Notes			2024 Operating			2023
Affordable		Turnover £	Operating Expenditure £	(Deficit)/ surplus £	Turnover £	Operating Expenditure £	Operating Surplus £
lettings	5	2,457,338	2,586,054	(128,716)	2,235,772	2,205,530	30,242
Other activities	6	143,770	130,947	12,823	113,414	102,362	11,052
Total		2,601,108	2,717,001	(115,893)	2,349,186	2,307,892	41,294

YORKHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

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Particulars of income and expenditure from affordable lettings Income from rent and service charges Rent receivable net of service charges	General Needs Housing £ 1,966,643	Supported Housing £	Shared Ownership £	Other £	2024 Total E £	2023 Total £ 1 834 900
Service charges Gross income from rents and service charges Less: Voids	2,080,412 (3,038)				113,769 2,080,412 (3,038)	96,822 1,931,722 (1,683)
Net income from rents and service charges Release of deferred government grant Grants from the Scottish Ministers	2,077,374 318,250 61,714				2,077,374 318,250 61,714	1,930,039 303,085 2,648
Total turnover from affordable letting activities - Expenditure Management and maintenance administration costs	2,457,338		•		2,457,338	2,235,772
Service charges Planned cyclical maintenance including major repairs Reactive maintenance costs	187,562 307,075				1,106,734 187,562 307,075	7,081,565 100,275 265,377
Bad debts - rents and service charges Depreciation of social housing	1,215 554,249				369,199 1,215 554,249	23,835 23,835 508,513
Operating costs for affordable letting activities	2,586,054	'	•	•	2,586,054	2,205,530
Operating (deficit) On affordable letting activities, 2024	(128,716)	•	•		(128,716)	
On affordable letting activities, 2023	30,242		'	1		30,242

Included in depreciation of social housing is £6,507 (2023 - £8,964) relating to the loss on disposal of components.

Included in management and maintenance administration costs is £nil (2023: £nil) in relation to impairment of office premises.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

6. Particulars of turnover, operating expenditure and operating surplus/(deficit) from other activities

2023 Surplus/ (deficit)	£	(18,613)	12,500	1	5,165		•	•	•		1		•	٠		•	•	•	12,000		11,052	
2024 Surplus/	3	(7,867)	13,062	•	7,628		•	•			•		•	•			•	•	•	12,823		
Other Operating Expenditure	G)	44,578	•	•	86,369		•	•	•		•		•	•		•	•	•	•	130,947	102,362	
Operating Expenditure Bad Debts	G)	•	•	•	•		•	•	•		•		•	•		•	•	•	•	.		
Turnover 2023 F Total	¥	'	12,500	1	88,914		1	•	1		•		1	1		•	1	•	12,000		113,414	
Turnover 2024 Total	ы	36,711	13,062	•	93,997		•	•	•		•		•	•		•	•	•	•	143,770		
Other Income	ъ	•	13,062	•	93,997		•	•	•		•		•	•		•	1	•	•	107,059	113,414	
Supporting People Income	<b>4</b>	•	•	•	•		•	٠	•		•		•	•		•	•	•	•	'		
Other Revenue Grants	બ	•	•	•	•		•	•	•		•		•	•		•	•	•	•	'		
Grants from Scottish Ministers	H	36,711	•	•	•		•	٠	•		•		•	•		•	•	•	•	36,711	'	
		Wider role activities	Commercial rent	Care and repair of property	Factoring	Development and construction	of property activities	Support activities	Care activities	Agency/management services	for RSL's	Other agency/management	services	Development for sale to RSL's	Development and improvements	for sale to non RSL's	Commercial properties	Disabled adaptations	Other income	Total from other activities, 2024	Total from other activities, 2023	

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

7.	Operating surplus  Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after	2024 £	2023 £
	charging: Depreciation Auditor's remuneration	554,249	522,220
	- in their capacity as auditor - other services	19,300 975	19,205 910

### 8. Directors' emoluments

The Directors are defined as the members of the Management Committee, the Chief Executive and any other person reporting directly to the Chief Executive or the Management Committee.

The Association considers key management personnel to be the Management Committee and the senior management team (listed on the Association's information page) of the Association only.

No emoluments are paid to any member of the Management Committee during the year.

	2024 £	2023 £
Emoluments of the Chief Executive and Deputy Director Social Security costs Employers pension contributions	119,906 13,566 12,105	118,511 10,928 11,253
	145,577	140,692

The emoluments of key management (excluding pension contributions and including social security costs and benefits in kind) for the year were £327,499 (2023 - £352,924). Their pension contributions (including the past service element) for the year were £43,140 (2023 - £32,975). No enhanced or special terms apply to membership and the directors have no other pension arrangements to which the Association contributes.

The emoluments (excluding pension contributions) of the directors were in the following range:

	2024 Number	2023 Number
£60,000 - £70,000 £70,000 - £80,000	:	1
No director earned more than £60,000.		
Total avanage rainshumed to Management Conscittor in officer	£	£
Total expenses reimbursed to Management Committee insofar as not chargeable to UK income tax	375	

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

9. Employee information The average number of full time equivalent employees during the year was:	2024 Number 16	2023 Number 17
	2024 £	2023 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs Pension contributions Service cost adjustment	644,576 65,042 83,319 3,457 796,394	667,249 66,310 61,493 2,256 797,308
10. Interest receivable	2024 £	2023 £
Interest receivable on deposits	18,540	8,540
11. Interest payable and financing costs	2024 £	2023 £
On private loans Defined benefit pension liability – interest charge (Note 23)	25,865 6,000	27,542
	31,865	27,542

### 12. Taxation

The Association is a registered charity and as a result no corporation tax is due on any surplus generated from charitable activities. No corporation tax is due on its non-charitable activities.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

Housing stock			
The manual an aformite of a common detical		2024	2023
The number of units of accommodation end:	in management at year	Number	Numbe
Supported housing		467	462
		467	462
Tangible fixed assets			
. wilding ilver goods	Housing	Housing	
	Held for	Held for	
	General	Supported	
	Letting	Letting	Total
	£	£	£
	18,516,128	-	18,516,128
	005.000		
		-	905,099
	•	•	682,522
Disposais duffing year	(29,675)		(29,675)
As at 31 March 2024	20,074,074	-	20,074,074
Depreciation:	40 700 400		
		-	10,739,108
		•	547,742
Disposais during the year	(23,168)		(23,168)
As at 31 March 2024	11,263,682	-	11,263,682
Net book value:			
As at 31 March 2024	8,810,392	_	8,810,392
As at 31 March 2023	7,777,020	-	7,777,020
	Cost: At 1 April 2023 Additions during year - Properties - Components Disposals during year As at 31 March 2024  Depreciation: At 1 April 2023 Provided during the year Disposals during the year As at 31 March 2024  Net book value: As at 31 March 2024	Tangible fixed assets  Housing Properties Held for General Letting £  Cost: At 1 April 2023 18,516,128 Additions during year 905,099 - Components 682,522 Disposals during year (29,675) As at 31 March 2024 20,074,074  Depreciation: At 1 April 2023 10,739,108 Provided during the year 547,742 Disposals during the year (23,168) As at 31 March 2024 11,263,682  Net book value:  As at 31 March 2024 8,810,392	Tangible fixed assets

There were no property disposals in the current year (2023 - nil)

Additions to housing properties during the year includes £nil capitalised interest (2023 - £nil) and £5,580 capitalised administration costs (2023 - £nil). All housing properties are freehold.

The depreciation charge for the year for housing stock was £547,742 (2023 - £499,459). The net book value of disposed components was £6,507(2023 - £9,052) and has been included in depreciation of social housing in note 5 in accordance with the SORP.

Included in freehold housing properties is land with a historic cost allocation of £1,069,225 (2023: £1,069,225)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 14b. Other fixed assets

	Office Properties £	Furniture Fittings & Equipment £	Total £
Cost:			
At 1 April 2023	465,010	125,628	590,638
Additions during year	-	70,525	70,525
Disposals during year	/E 000\	(11,677)	(11,677)
Revaluation	(5,000)		(5,000)
As at 31 March 2024	460,010	184,476	644,486
Depreciation:			
At 1 April 2023	112,910	67,425	180,335
Provided during the year	6,600	36,895	43,495
Disposals during the year	•	(11,677)	(11,677)
As at 31 March 2024	119,510	92,643	212,153
Net book value:			
As at 31 March 2024	340,500	91,833	432,333
As at 31 March 2023	352,100	58,203	410,303

Included within office properties are investment properties held at valuation totalling £130,000 (2023 - £135,000)

The company's interest in investment properties was valued on 6 June 2024 on an open market basis by DM Hall. The Directors of the Association consider this valuation reasonable and have incorporated it into these financial statements.

If the investment properties had not been included at valuation, they would have been included under the historical cost convention as follows:

	2024 £	2023 £
Cost Accumulated depreciation	70,592 -	70,952 -
	70,952	70,952

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

15. Debtors	2024 £	2023 £
Amounts falling due within one year:	۲	2
Arrears of rent and service charges	191,874	142,265
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	(103,631)	(103,631)
	88,243	38,634
Prepayments and accrued income	486,029	425,594
Other debtors	84,219	118,831
	658,491	583,059
16a. Cash and cash equivalents	2024	2023
	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	279,459	311,343
	279,459	311,343
16b.Investments	2024	2023
	£	£
Balances held on deposit	875,572	1,517,121
	875,572	1,517,121
17. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	2024	2023
	£	£
Housing loans	54,748	48,412
Trade creditors	48,830	111,008
Other taxation and social security	23,936	19,827
Other creditors	386,174	304,440
Accruals	211,854	305,642
Rent paid in advance	118,449	79,874
Deferred capital grants (Note 19)	318,250	303,085
Pension creditor	16,328	201
	1,178,569	1,172,489

Pension contributions of £16,328 were outstanding at the year-end (2023 - £201)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

18.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	2024 £	2023 £
	Deferred capital grants (Note 19) Housing loans	5,999,327 724,012	5,360,163 783,635
		6,723,339	6,143,798
	Housing loans are secured by specific charges on the Association's of housing properties secured at the year end was £1,000,098 (20 bank loan (2023: one bank loan), which is repayable at a fixed integrate repayable within the next 30 years as follows: -	23 - £1,067,980	6). There is one
	Within one year Between one and two years Between two and five years After five years	54,748 54,748 164,244 505,020	48,412 48,412 145,236 589,987
	Recognised within amounts falling due in less than 1 year (Note 17)	778,760 (54,748)	832,047 (48,412)
	- -	724,012	783,635
19.	Deferred capital grants	2024 £	2023 £
	Deferred capital grants 1 April Grants received in year Released to income in year	5,663,248 972,579 (318,250)	4,832,038 1,134,295 (303,085)
	Deferred capital grants at 31 March	6,317,577	5,663,248
	Liability splits as: Within one year Between one and two years Between two and five years After five years	318,250 318,250 954,750 4,726,327 6,317,577	303,085 303,085 909,255 4,147,823 5,663,248

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

20. Share capital	2024 £	2023 £
At 1 April Shares of £1 each fully paid and issued in the year Shares forfeited in the year	105 5 (7)	106 5 (6)
At 31 March	103	105

Each member of the Association holds one share of £1 in the Association. These shares carry no rights to dividend or distributions on a winding up. When a shareholder ceases to be a member, that person's share is cancelled, and the amount paid thereon becomes the property of the Association. Each member has a right to vote at members' meetings.

### 21. Reserves

Revenue reserves include all current and prior year retained surpluses or deficits.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

22. Net cash flow from operating activities	2024 £	2023 £
(Loss)/surplus for the year Adjustments for non-cash items:	(129,218)	22,292
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	597,744	540,236
(Increase) in debtors	(75,432)	(328,397)
(Decrease) in creditors	(15,421)	(73,729)
Interest charge in respect of the defined benefit p liability	ension 6,000	-
Adjustments for investing and financing activities	ities:	
Interest payable	25,865	27,542
Interest received	(18,540)	(8,540)
Release of deferred Government capital grants	(318,250)	(308,085)
Forfeited share capital	(7)	(6)
	72,741	(128,687)

### 23. Pension obligations

### General

Yorkhill Housing Association Limited participates in the Scottish Housing Pension Scheme (the Scheme).

The Scheme is a multi-employer defined benefit scheme. The Scheme offers six benefit structures to employers, namely;

Final salary with a 1/60th accrual rate

Career average revalued earnings with a 1/60th accrual rate

Career average revalued earnings with a 1/70th accrual rate

Career average revalued earnings with a 1/80th accrual rate

Career average revalued earnings with a 1/120th accrual rate contracted in

**Defined Contribution** 

An employer can elect to operate different benefit structures for their active members (as at the first day of April in any given year) and their new entrants. The DC option can be introduced by the employer on the first day of any month after giving a minimum of three months' prior notice.

Yorkhill Housing Association Limited has elected to close the defined benefit scheme as at 1 July 2020 with all staff transferred over to the defined contribution scheme. Prior to this, the Association operated the final salary with a 1/60th accrual rate for staff employed prior to 1 April 2011. All staff employed from 1 April 2011 were previously eligible to join the CARE 1/120th scheme including staff auto enrolled from the staging date of 1 August 2016.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 23. Pension obligations (continued)

During the accounting period and prior to the defined benefit scheme closing, Yorkhill Housing Association Limited paid contributions at the rate of 12.6% of pensionable salaries for staff on Final Salary Scheme and 6% for staff on CARE 1/120th scheme. Member contributions were 12.5% and 6% respectively. After the 01 July 2020, former final salary members employer contributions were 12.6% and former CARE 1/20th employer contributions were 9%. Employee contributions were 12.5% and 6% respectively. All payments after 01 July 2020 were made under the defined contribution scheme.

As at the balance sheet date there were no active members of the Final Salary Scheme or the Care 1/120th scheme (2023 - none were members of the Final Salary Scheme & none were members of the Care 1/20th scheme). The annual pensionable payroll in respect of these members was £644,576 (2023 - £667,249). Yorkhill Housing Association Limited has stopped membership of the Scheme to its employees.

The Trustees commission an actuarial valuation of the Scheme every three years. The main purpose of the valuation is to determine the financial position of the Scheme in order to determine the level of future contributions required, so that the Scheme can meet its pension obligations as they fall due.

The actuarial valuation assesses whether the Scheme's assets at the valuation date are likely to be sufficient to pay the pension benefits accrued by members as at the valuation date. Asset values are calculated by reference to market values. Accrued pension benefits are valued by discounting expected future benefit payments using a discount rate calculated by reference to the expected future investment returns.

The last triennial valuation of the scheme for funding purposes was carried out as at 30 September 2021. This valuation revealed a deficit of £27m. A Recovery Plan was put in place to eliminate the deficit which ran to 30 September 2022.

The Scheme is classified as a 'last-man standing arrangement'. Therefore the company is potentially liable for other participating employers' obligations if those employers are unable to meet their share of the scheme deficit following withdrawal from the Scheme. Participating employers are legally required to meet their share of the Scheme deficit on an annuity purchase basis on withdrawal from the Scheme.

For accounting purposes, a valuation of the scheme is carried out with an effective date of 30 September each year. The liability figures from this valuation are rolled forward for accounting year-ends from the following 31 March to 28 February inclusive. The latest accounting valuation was carried out with an effective date of 30 September 2023. The liability figures from this valuation were rolled forward for accounting year-ends from the following 31 March 2024 to 28 February 2025 inclusive.

The liabilities are compared, at the relevant accounting date, with the company's fair share of the Scheme's total assets to calculate the company's net deficit or surplus.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 23. Pension obligations (continued)

Present values of defined benefit obligation, fair value of assets and defined benefit liability

### Present values of defined benefit obligation, fair value of assets and defined benefit liability

	31 March 2024 £'000	31 March 2023 £'000
Fair value of plan assets	2,142	2,298
Present value of defined benefit obligations	2,444	(2,426)
Defined benefit liability to be recognised	(302)	(128)

### Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the defined benefit obligation

	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
	£'000	£'000
Defined benefit obligation at start of period	(2,426)	(3,440)
Current service cost	-	-
Expenses	(3)	(3)
Interest cost	(116)	(94)
Contribution by plan participants	-	-
Actuarial losses/(gains) due to scheme experience	(22)	96
Actuarial gains due to changes in demographic assumptions	16	60
Actuarial losses/(gains) due to changes in financial assumptions	(11)	837
Benefits paid and expenses	118	118
Defined benefit liability at the end of the period	(2,444)	(2,426)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 23. Pension obligations (continued)

### Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the fair value of plan assets

	Year ended 31 March 2024 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2023 £'000
Fair value of plan assets at start of the period	2,298	3,387
Interest income Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest	110	94
income (loss)	(151)	(1,126)
Contributions by the employer	` 3	61
Contributions by participants	•	-
Benefits paid and expenses	(118)	(118)
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	2,142	2,298

### Defined benefit costs recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income

	Year ended 31 March 2024 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2023 £'000
Current service cost Admin expenses Net interest expense	3 6	3
Defined benefit costs recognised in Statement of Comprehensive Income	9	3
	Year ended 31 March 2024 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2023 £'000
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest cost – (loss)  Experience gains and losses arising on the plan liabilities – (loss)/gain Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the	(151) (22)	(1,126) 96
present value of the defined benefit obligation – gain Effects of changes in the financial assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation – (loss)/ gain	16 (11)	60 837
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income – (loss)	(168)	(133)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 23. Pension obligations (continued)

Fund allocation for employer's calculated share of assets		
• •	31 March	31 March
	2024	2023
	£'000	£'000
Global Equity	246	61
Absolute Return	96	31
Distressed Opportunities	79	71
Credit Relative Value	75	88
Alternative Risk Premia	77	13
Emerging Markets Debt	38	18
Risk Sharing	129	167
Insurance-Linked Securities	13	64
Property	91	96
Infrastructure	205	247
Private Equity	2	-
Private Debt	86	103
Opportunistic Illiquid Credit	85	102
High Yield	-	12
Opportunistic Credit	•	-
Cash	56	10
Corporate Bond Fund	-	3
Liquid credit	-	-
Long Lease Property	16	77
Secured Income	71	154
Currency Hedging	(1)	4
Liability Driven Investment	775	972
Net Current Assets	3	5
Total Assets	2,142	2,298

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 23. Pension obligations (continued)

The main financial assumptions used by the Scheme Actuary, TPT, in their FRS 102 calculations are as follows:

Assumptions as at	31 March 2024 % per annum
Discount rate	4.87
Inflation (RPI)	3.19
Inflation (CPI)	2.76
Salary growth	3.76
Allowance for commutation of pension for cash at retirement	75% of
	maximum
	allowance

The mortality assumptions adopted at 31 March 2024 imply the following life expectancies:

	Life expectancy at age 65 (years)
Male retiring in 2024	20.2
Female retiring in 2024	22.7
Male retiring in 2044	21.4
Female retiring in 2044	24.1

Life expectancy is based on the Fund's VitaCurves with improvements in line with the CMI 2017 model with an allowance for smoothing of recent mortality experience and long-term rates of 1.25% p.a. for males and 1% p.a. for females.

### Member data summary

Active members			
	Number	Total earnings (£'000s p.a.)	Average age (unweighted)
Males	5	215	54
Females	4	122	42
Total	9	337	49
Deferred members			
	Number	Deferred pensions (£'000s p.a.)	Average age (unweighted)
Males	2	1	49
Females	5	2	51
Total	7	3	50
Pensioners			
	Number	Pensions (£'000s p.a.)	Average age (unweighted)
Males	2	6	66
Females	12	112	70
Total	14	118	69

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

### 23. Pension obligations (continued)

### Employer debt on withdrawal

Following a change in legislation in September 2005 there is a potential debt on the employer that could be levied by the Trustee of the Scheme. The debt is due in the event of the employer ceasing to participate in the Scheme or the Scheme winding up. The debt for the Scheme as a whole is calculated by comparing the liabilities for the Scheme (calculated on a buyout basis i.e., the cost of securing benefits by purchasing annuity policies from an insurer, plus an allowance for expenses) with the assets of the Scheme. If the liabilities exceed assets there is a buy-out debt.

The leaving employer's share of the buy-out debt is the proportion of the Scheme's liability attributable to employment with the leaving employer compared to the total amount of the Scheme's liabilities (relating to employment with all the employers). The leaving employer's debt therefore includes a share of any 'orphan' liabilities in respect of previously participating employers. The amount of the debt therefore depends on many factors including total Scheme liabilities, Scheme investment performance, the liabilities in respect of current and former employees of the employer, financial conditions at the time of the cessation event and the insurance buy-out market. The amounts of debt can therefore be volatile over time.

The Association has been notified by TPT of the estimated employer debt on withdrawal from the Scheme based on the financial position of the Scheme as at 30 September 2018. The employer debt on withdrawal based on the valuation as at 30 September 2023 was £744,941.

### Scheme Benefit Review

The Trustee has carried out a review comparing the benefits provided to Scheme members with the requirements of the Scheme documentation. It has received legal advice that there is sufficient uncertainty regarding the effect of some benefit changes that the Court should be asked to provide clarity; to provide the Trustee with the certainty it needs to properly administer the Scheme.

Preparation for the Court case is progressing to schedule and the Court has provided an expected window for the hearing during February 2025, with the judgment currently expected in Q2 2025.

Should the Court decide that the historic benefit changes need to be applied differently, then some member benefits would need to be increased, which would increase the value placed on Scheme liabilities. No allowance has been made for potential additional liabilities within the estimate provided above.

### 24. Payments to members and key management personnel

Some members of the Management Committee are tenants of the Association. The tenancies of these Committee Members are on normal terms and the members cannot use their position to their advantage.

The total rent and service charge payable in the year relating to tenant Board members is £21,741 (2023 - £34,228). The prepaid rent relating to tenant Board members included within debtors at the year-end is £236 (2023 - £599). The total rental arrears relating to tenant Board members included within creditors at the year-end is £214 (2023 - £358).

