

YORKHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Registered with the Financial Conduct Authority
Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 No. 02302RS

Registered Housing Association - Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 Registered Number HCB 209 Registered Scottish Charity Number SC040346

MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE, EXECUTIVES AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISORS

Management committee

Dr M Green R Winning C Armstrong

H Fitzgerald

P Braat (co-optee)

B Docherty

G Mattu

N McPherson

P Marsden

G McEwan Resigned 20 Aug 2020

Y Alexis

M Harris

J Sullivan Resigned 4 Sept 2020

Chairperson Secretary Vice Chair Treasurer

Executive officers

Marion Menabney Gary Watson Pauline Hollinsworth Stewart Pattison Robert Calvert Grant Kennedy

Registered Office

1271 Argyle Street Glasgow G3 8TH

Auditor

Azets Audit Services Titanium 1 King's Inch Place Renfrew PA14 8WF

Solicitors

TC Young & Son 7 West George Street Glasgow G2 1BA

Bankers

Bank of Scotland 258/262 Dumbarton Road Glasgow G11 6TU Chief Executive
Finance Manager
Director of Property Services
Compliance Manager
Property Services Manager
Housing Services Manager

CONTENTS

	Page
Report of the Management Committee (incorporating the Strategic Report)	1 – 5
Management Committee's Statement on Internal Financial Controls	6
Auditor Report on Corporate Governance	7
Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements	8 – 11
Statement of Comprehensive Income	12
Statement of Changes in Capital and Reserves	13
Statement of Financial Position	14
Statement of Cash Flows	15
Notes to the Financial Statements	16 – 36

REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

The Management Committee present their report (incorporating the Strategic Report) and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the Association include:

- Provision and management of rented accommodation (456); and
- Management of properties on behalf of other owners. (505)

Review of business and future prospects

The results for the year are set out in the Statement of Comprehensive Income on page 12. The surplus has been added to reserves brought forward.

Future Plans

The Association carries out an annual review each year to look to the future of the organisation and to prepare a 1–3 year future plan. The senior management team then progress the plan and the Finance Manager prepares budgets and cash flows to ensure the financial viability and stability of the plan. Due to covid restrictions during 2020, the current plan was last reviewed in November 2019.

Key objectives within the current plan include:

- Assurance Regulatory compliance is a key principle of the Association's purpose and business
 planning. The Association has an Assurance Evidence Bank which is renewed annually to ensure the
 annual Assurance Statement is supported by updated documentary evidence. Compliance with SHR's
 Regulatory Standards is demonstrated by a wide range of documents, including internal and external
 reports, policy documents, minutes, and training records.
- Customer Engagement The Association's plans for implementing a new engagement strategy were paused during the pandemic. Senior staff will resume planning engagement strategies during 2021-22 when pandemic restrictions are lifted.
- Policy Review Schedule During 2020-21 the Management Committee ensured its policy review schedule was kept up to date to assist ongoing compliance with legal and regulatory obligations and good practice. Policies were reviewed and updated as required for Repairs, Planned Maintenance, Factoring, Membership, Expenses, Absence Management, Stress Management. Dignity at Work, Severance, Homeworking, and Financial Regulations.
- Affordability The Management Committee is committed to providing homes and services at affordable rent levels for tenants. Value markers are used to monitor financial efficiencies to ensure affordable rent levels do not compromise organisational viability. Financial plans are monitored regularly by senior staff and committee members.
- Freedom of Information Act and GDRP UK- The Association received a number of FI and SAR requests during 2020-21. The Data Protection Officer reports quarterly to Committee to assure members that full compliance with the provisions of the legislation is being maintained. All staff have received refresher training to maintain knowledge and awareness of the organisation's legal obligations.
- Internal Audit During 2020-21 audits were completed on: Risk Management, Financial Reporting and Void Management. Action points identified in relation to Financial Reporting and Void Management were implemented. The Allocations audit was re-scheduled and will be undertaken during 2021-22 along with audits on Rent Arrears, Reactive Repairs and Covid Business Resilience.
- New Model Rules The Association's membership approved a complete Rule Change at an SGM on September 17th 2020. The 2020 SFHA Charitable Rules Model was adopted and subsequently registered with FCA, SHR and OSCR.
- Cyber Security The Association gained the Cyber Essentials accreditation in March 2021. This will be renewed annually to ensure IT systems and procedures remain as secure as possible.
- Review of IT Systems The Association commenced a review of its IT business systems in 2020. During 2021 a new system was procured and will be operational by April 2022.
- Donations The Association made donations to charitable organisations of £1,000 in the financial year.

Risk and uncertainties

Covid-19

The most significant risk to the Association during 2020-21 was the impact of Covid-19.

Risk mitigation strategies were in developed in March 2021 and regularly reviewed throughout the year.

All risk registers were updated in accordance with the Association's Risk Management Policy, with covid related risks included as appropriate. Specific risk assessments were undertaken in relation to:

- Staff safety
- Service provision
- Governance arrangements
- Arrears management
- Planned cyclical and major projects
- Financial planning and viability

The Management Committee received regular update reports on covid management issues to inform their decisions on policy and practice during 2020-21.

Financial and non-financial key performance indicators

The Association's current strategic plan covering a 3 year period contains the following 7 organisational objectives:

- To be genuinely controlled by local residents and accountable to the community;
- To provide good quality rented accommodation to those in greatest housing need;
- To provide a responsive effective property management service to tenants and owners;
- To maintain the organisation's long-term viability and financial effectiveness:
- To ensure that all customers of the organisation are given the same high quality of service and that no sector of the community suffers from adverse discrimination; and
- To ensure that all customers of the organisation are consulted on projects, advised regularly on performance and continually asked how satisfied they are with service provided.
- To ensure the Association is fully compliant with its constitutional, regulatory and legal obligations.

These core objectives underpin all business and planning activities undertaken by committee and staff.

2020-21 Strategic Outcomes and Impact of Covid-19

- **Local Control and Accountability** The Management Committee continued to manage the Association's business affairs by holding virtual meetings via the Zoom platform.
- **Provision of Affordable Housing** The Association has continued to process housing applications and allocate property within strict covid guidelines. Void periods have increased which in turn have led to increased void rent loss compared to pre-covid.
- Effective Service Provision- The office has been closed to the public since March 2020 in accordance with national guidance. All staff have been working on a combined home/office basis with restricted numbers in the office. All non-urgent repairs were suspended, and investment projects paused. The cash balances have increased accordingly. Backcourt inspections continued and staff arranged bulk refuse clearances where required.
- Viability and Value The Management Committee and sub-committees has received regular reports on a wide range of value indicators, including: financial plans, budget monitoring, performance outcomes, procurement processes, arrears management and maintenance expenditure.

2020-21 Strategic Outcomes and Impact of Covid-19 (continued)

- **Equalities** The adaptation work normally undertaken had to be suspended and will be resumed during 2021-22. All outstanding work will be completed.
- Consultation- Engagement strategies will be resumed during 2021-22.
- Regulatory and Legal Compliance All regulatory returns were submitted on time. The Association met all legal obligations and achieved full compliance with SHR Regulatory Standards of Governance and Financial Management.

Governance

Governing Document

The Association as a social landlord is registered with the Scottish Housing Regulator, OSCR and the Financial Conduct Authority.

Recruitment and Appointment of the Management Committee

One third of the Management Committee retire by rotation annually at the Annual General Meeting. They can then be nominated for re-election.

The Association endeavours to have a diverse range of Management Committee members who can bring their own skills to the Committee. This is achieved by direct contact with residents within the Yorkhill area as well as by networking and identifying members who could bring their own skills and experience to the Association's Management Committee.

Annual Appraisal of Management Committee

An annual appraisal of the management committee is undertaken by an external organisation. The process involves assessments of the team's collective knowledge and also one to one interviews for individuals. The report presented to committee confirms the ongoing competences of all members in accordance with regulatory requirements.

Organisational Structure

The 2020-21 Management Committee comprised 11 board members: 10 elected and 1 co-optee. The Management Committee meet 10 times per year. There is also a governance and finance sub-committee and a services sub-committee, who meet quarterly and report directly to the Management Committee.

Delegated authority is in place and day to day responsibility for the provision of services rests with the Chief Executive. The Chief Executive is responsible for ensuring that the Association delivers the services specified and that key performance indicators are met.

Management committee and executive officers

The Management Committee and executive officers of the Association are listed on the Association's information page at the start of the financial statements.

Each member of the Management Committee holds one fully paid share of £1 in the Association. The executive officers of the Association hold no interest in the Association's share capital and although not having the legal status of directors they act as executives within the authority delegated by the committee.

Statement of management committee's responsibilities

Statute requires the Management Committee to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Association and of the income or expenditure of the Association for the year ended on that date. In preparing these financial statements, the Management Committee is required to:

Statement of management committee's responsibilities (continued)

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent:
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Association will continue in business.

The Management Committee is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Association. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Association and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Related party transactions

Some members of the Management Committee are tenants or owner occupiers, however, the policies, procedures and agreements in place do not allow them to use their position on the committee to their personal advantage.

Related party transactions are documented at note 24.

Internal financial control

The Committee is responsible for the Association's system of internal financial control, and has reviewed its effectiveness from information provided by management staff.

Any system can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material mis-statement or loss.

The financial control system within the Association is fundamentally simple and appropriate to the size and complexity of the organisation. It includes a combination of regular review of financial results compared with an agreed budget and authorisation of all expenditure by senior staff and Committee.

During 2020, the Association's internal processes for payments and payroll were reviewed by the Internal Auditor and confirmed as satisfactory. Development points were included in the report and have been adopted.

Disclosure of information to the auditor

To the knowledge and belief of each of the persons who are members of the Management Committee at the time the report is approved:

- So far as the Committee members are aware, there is no relevant information of which the Association's auditor is unaware; and
- He/she has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a Committee member in order to
 make himself/herself aware of any relevant information, and to establish that the Association's auditor
 is aware of the information.

Auditor

On 7 September 2020 Group Audit Services Limited trading as Scott-Moncrieff Audit Services changed its name to Azets Audit Services Limited. The name they practise under is Azets Audit Services and accordingly they have signed their report in their name.

The appointed auditor, Azets Audit Services have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditor and will be proposed for reappointment at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the Board of Management

R Winning Secretary

Date: 12 August 2021

MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE'S STATEMENT ON INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

The Management Committee acknowledges its ultimate responsibility for ensuring that the Association has in place a system of controls that is appropriate for the various business environments in which it operates.

These controls are designed to give reasonable assurance with respect to:

- the reliability of financial information for use within the Association;
- the maintenance of proper accounting records; and
- the safeguarding of assets against unauthorised use or disposition.

It is the Management Committee's responsibility to establish and maintain systems of internal financial control. Such systems can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material financial misstatement or loss. Key elements include ensuring that:

- formal policies and procedures are in place, including the documentation of key systems and rules relating to the delegation of authorities, which allow the monitoring of controls and restrict the unauthorised use of the Association's assets:
- experienced and suitably qualified staff take responsibility for important business functions, and annual appraisal procedures have been established to maintain standards of performance;
- forecasts and budgets are prepared regularly, which allow the Management Committee and staff to
 monitor the key business risks and progress towards financial plans set for the year and medium term;
 regular management accounts are prepared timeously, providing relevant, reliable and up to date
 financial and other information and significant variances from budget are investigated where
 appropriate;
- all significant new initiatives, major commitments and investment projects are subject to formal authorisation procedures;
- the Management Committee reviews reports from the Chief Executive, staff and the external and internal auditor to provide reasonable assurance that control procedures are in place and are being followed; and
- formal procedures have been established for instituting appropriate action to correct weaknesses identified from the above reports.

The Management Committee has confirmed the existence of the system of internal financial control in the Association for the year ended 31 March 2021.

By order of the Management Committee

Dr M Green Chairperson

Dated: 12 August 2021

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR TO THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE MATTERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

In addition to our audit of the Financial Statements, we have reviewed your statement on page 5 concerning the Association's compliance with the information required by the Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial controls contained within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes which are issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator.

Basis of Opinion

We carried out our review having regard to the requirements on corporate governance matters within Bulletin 2009/4 issued by the Financial Reporting Council. The Bulletin does not require us to review the effectiveness of the Association's procedures for ensuring compliance with the guidance notes, nor to investigate the appropriateness of the reason given for non-compliance.

Opinion

In our opinion the Statement on Internal Financial Control on page 5 has provided the disclosures required by the relevant Regulatory Standards within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls and is consistent with the information which came to our attention as a result of our audit work on the Financial Statements.

Through our enquiry of certain members of the Management Committee and officers of the Association and examination of relevant documents, we have satisfied ourselves that the Management Committee's Statement on Internal Financial Control appropriately reflects the Association's compliance with the information required by the relevant Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial controls contained within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls.

Azets Audit Services Statutory Auditor Titanium 1 King's Inch Place Renfrew

PA4 8WF

Dated: 12 August 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF YORKHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Yorkhill Housing Association Limited (the 'Association') for the year ended 31 March 2021 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Capital and Reserves, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Cash Flows and the notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Association's affairs as at 31 March 2021 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice: and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, Part 6 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2019 issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Management Committee's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Association's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Management Committee with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Management Committee is responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF YORKHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Other information (continued)

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- a satisfactory system of control over transactions has not been maintained; or
- the Association has not kept proper accounting records; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the books of account; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we need for our audit.

Responsibilities of the Management Committee

As explained more fully in the Statement of the Management Committee's Responsibilities set out on pages 3 & 4 the Management Committee is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Management Committee determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Management Committee is responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Management Committee either intend to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and report in accordance with the Act and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

The extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above and on the FRC's website, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF YORKHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

The extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities including fraud (continued)

We obtain and update our understanding of the entity, its activities, its control environment, and likely future developments, including in relation to the legal and regulatory framework applicable and how the entity is complying with that framework. Based on this understanding, we identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. This includes consideration of the risk of acts by the entity that were contrary to applicable laws and regulations, including fraud.

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the Association through discussions with the Management Committee members and the senior management team, and from our knowledge and experience of the RSL sector;
- we focused on specific laws and regulations which we considered may have a direct material effect
 on the financial statements or the operations of the Association, including the Co-operative and
 Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, Part 6 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010, the Determination
 of Accounting Requirements 2019 issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator, taxation legislation and
 data protection, anti-bribery, employment, environmental and health and safety legislation;
- we assessed the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations identified above through making enquiries of the senior management team and the Management Committee and inspecting legal correspondence; and
- identified laws and regulations were communicated within the audit team regularly and the team remained alert to instances of non-compliance throughout the audit.

We assessed the susceptibility of the Association's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of the senior management team and the Management Committee as to where they
 considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud;
 and
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- · tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates were indicative of potential bias; and
- investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF YORKHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- reading the minutes of meetings of the Management Committee and relevant sub-committees;
- enquiring of the senior management team as to actual and potential litigation and claims;
- reviewing legal and professional fees paid in the year for indication of any actual and potential litigation and claims; and
- reviewing correspondence with HMRC, the Scottish Housing Regulator, OSCR and the Association's legal advisors.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Association's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 87 of the Cooperative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Association's members, as a body, those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Association and the Association's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Azets Audit Services Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants Titanium 1 King's Inch Place Renfrew PA4 8WF

Date: 12 August 2021

Azets Audit Services is eligible for appointment as auditor of the Association by virtue of its eligibility for appointment as auditor of a company under section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
Turnover	4	2,220,160	2,181,922
Operating Expenditure	4	(2,070,638)	(2,055,776)
Operating surplus	4	149,522	126,146
Interest receivable Interest payable and financing costs	10 11	5,683 (34,738)	13,339 (45,476)
Surplus for the year before taxation		120,467	94,009
Taxation	12	-	-
Surplus for the year		120,467	94,009
Other comprehensive income			
Actuarial gain in respect of pension scheme Gain on revaluation of investment properties	23 14b	(353,000) 75,952	215,000
Total comprehensive income for the year		(156,581)	309,009

The results for the year relate wholly to continuing activities.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL AND RESERVES AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

	Share Capital £	Revenue Reserves £	Total Reserves £
Balance at 1 April 2020	122	3,133,530	3,133,652
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(156,581)	(156,581)
Issue of share capital	1	-	1
Cancellation of share capital	(8)	-	(8)
Balance at 31 March 2021	115	2,976,949	2,977,064

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL AND RESERVES AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

	Share Capital £	Revenue Reserves £	Total Reserves £
Balance at 1 April 2019 Total comprehensive income for the year	126	2,824,521 309.009	2,824,647 309,009
Issue of share capital	1	-	309,009
Cancellation of share capital	(5)	-	(5)
Balance at 31 March 2020	122	3,133,530	3,133,652

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
Tangible fixed assets			
Housing properties	14a	7,220,876	7,596,723
Other fixed assets	14b	408,640	462,725
		7,629,516	8, <i>0</i> 59,448
Current assets			
Debtors	15	250,944	241,877
Cash at bank and in hand	16a	210,844	272,355
Investments	16b	2,082,412	1,939,232
One Present		2,544,200	2,453,464
Creditors Amounts falling due within one year	17	(1,148,131)	(1,262,655)
Net current assets		1,396,069	1,190,809
Total assets less current liabilities		9,025,585	9,250,257
Creditors			
Amounts falling due after more than one year	18	(5,688,521)	(6,018,605)
Pension – defined benefit liability	23	(360,000)	(98,000)
Net Assets		2,977,064	3,133,652
Capital and reserves	22	445	400
Called up share capital Revenue reserves	20 21	115 2,976,949	122 3,133,530
		2,977,064	3,133,652

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Management Committee on 12 August 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Dr M Green R Winning H Fitzgerald Chairperson Secretary Treasurer

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
vities	22	373,196	522,260
		•	(374,790
			(16,551
			20,979
		5,683	13,339
		(115,817)	(357,023
		(34.738)	(45,476
			(325,722
		1	1
		(143,180)	290,327
		(92,560)	(91,000
		(318,890)	(171,870
ts		(61,511)	(6,633)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 April		272,355	278,988
	16a	210,844	272,355
At 1 April		Other non-	At 31 March
	Cash flows		2021
2020 £	£	£	£ 2021
272 355	(61 511)	_	210,844
1,939,232	143,180	-	2,082,412
2,211,587	81,669	-	2,293,256
(46.889)	46.889	(48.413)	(48,413)
(935,165)	-	49,937	(885,228)
(982,054)	46,889	1,524	(933,641)
	At 1 April 2020 £ 272,355 1,939,232 2,211,587 (46,889) (935,165)	vities 22 At 1 April 2020 Cash flows £ 272,355 (61,511) 1,939,232 143,180 2,211,587 81,669 (46,889) (935,165) -	xities 22 373,196 (89,838) (35,842) 4,180 5,683 (115,817) (34,738) (48,413) 1 (143,180) (92,560) (318,890) (61,511) 16a 272,355 16a 210,844 At 1 April 2020 Cash flows £ £ 272,355 (61,511) - 1,939,232 143,180 - 1,939,232 143,180 2,211,587 81,669 (46,889) 46,889 (48,413) 49,937

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1. General information

These financial statements are presented in Pounds Sterling (GBP), as that is the currency in which the Association's transactions are denominated. They comprise the financial statements of Yorkhill Housing Association drawn up for the year ended 31 March 2021.

The Association is defined as a public benefit entity and thus the Association complies with all disclosure requirements relating to public benefit entities. The Association is a registered social landlord in Scotland and its registered number is HCB 209.

The Association's Scottish Charity number is SC040346. The address of the Association's registered office is: 1271 Argyle Street, Glasgow, G3 8TH.

2. Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis of accounting subject to the revaluation of certain fixed assets and in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and comply with the requirements of the Determination of Housing Requirements 2020 as issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator and the Statement of Recommended Practice for Social Housing Providers issued in 2018.

The preparation of these financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Association's accounting policies (see note 3).

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis of accounting subject to the revaluation of certain fixed assets and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The effect of events relating to the year ended 31 March 2021, which occurred before the date of approval of the financial statements by the Board of Management have been included in the statements to the extent required to show a true and fair view of the state of affairs as at 31 March 2021 and of the results for the year ended on that date.

Going Concern

The Management Committee anticipate that a deficit will be generated in the year to 31 March 2022 and the year to 31 March 2023. However, the Association has a healthy cash balance and net current asset position and thus the Management Committee is satisfied that there are sufficient resources in place to continue operations in the foreseeable future. The Committee members have assessed the impact of COVID-19 on its going concern status and after consideration, do not believe that this will affect the Association's ability to continue operating. Thus, the Management Committee continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

Turnover

Turnover represents rental and service charge income, factoring service income, and fees or revenue grants receivable from Glasgow City Council and from the Scottish Government.

Income from rental and service charges, factoring and commercial letting activities is recognised when the association is entitled to it, it is probable it will be received and it can be measured reliably.

Income from revenue grants receivable have been covered in a separate accounting policy below.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

2. Accounting policies(continued)

Apportionment of management expenses

Direct employee, administration and operating costs have been apportioned to the relevant sections of the income and expenditure account on the basis of costs of staff directly attributable to the operations dealt with in the financial statements.

Interest receivable

Interest receivable is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income using the effective interest method.

Interest payable

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

Government capital grants

Government capital grants, amounts approved by The Scottish Government or local authorities, are paid directly to the Association as required to meet its liabilities during the development process. This is treated as a deferred capital grant and is released to income in accordance with the accrual model over the useful life of the asset it relates to on completion of the development phase. The accrual model requires the Association to recognise income on a systematic basis over the period in which the Association recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate.

Government revenue grants

Government revenue grants are recognised using the accrual model which means the Association recognises the grant in income on a systematic basis over the period in which the Association recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate.

Non-government capital and revenue grants

Non-government capital and revenue grants are recognised using the performance model. If there are no performance conditions attached the grants are recognised as revenue when the Association is entitled to them. It is probable they will be received and they can be measured reliably.

A grant that imposes specific future performance related conditions on the recipient is recognised as revenue only when the performance related conditions are met.

A grant received before the revenue recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

Fixed assets - Housing properties

Housing properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The development cost of housing properties includes:

- 1. Cost of acquiring land and buildings
- 2. Development expenditure including administration costs

These costs are either termed "qualifying costs" by The Scottish Government for approved social housing grant schemes and are considered for mortgage loans by the relevant lending authorities or are met out of the Association's reserves.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

All invoices and architects' certificates relating to capital expenditure incurred in the year at gross value before retentions are included in the accounts for the year, provided that the dates of issue or valuation are prior to the year-end.

Expenditure on schemes which are subsequently aborted is written off in the year in which it is recognised that the schemes will not be developed to completion.

Depreciation

1. Housing properties

Each housing unit has been split between its major component parts. Each major component is depreciated on a straight line basis over its expected useful economic life. The following major components and useful lives have been identified by the Association:

Land - not depreciated Kitchens - over 18 years - over 18 years Bathrooms Structure - over 50 years Boilers - over 15 years Central heating - over 24 years Gutters - over 20 years Windows - over 20 years Tiles - over 40 years Lifts - over 15 years Flashings - over 30 years

2. Other fixed assets

Depreciation is charged on other fixed assets so as to write off the asset cost less any recoverable value over its anticipated useful life.

The following rates have been used:

Furniture, Fittings & Equipment - 20% straight line
Office Property - over 50 years

A full year's depreciation is charged in the year of purchase. No charge is made in the year of disposal.

Investment property

Investment properties are initially recorded at cost. Thereafter investment properties are held at market value with any changes in market value recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The investment properties are not depreciated.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Rental arrears

Rental arrears represent amounts due by tenants for rental of social housing properties at the year end. Rental arrears are reviewed regularly by management and written down to the amount deemed recoverable. Any provision deemed necessary is shown alongside gross rental arrears in note 15.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

Financial instruments

The Association only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable and loans.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at the present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade payables or receivables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration, expected to be paid or received. However if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Pension costs (note 23)

The Scottish Housing Association Defined Benefits Pension Scheme

The Association participates in The Scottish Housing Associations' Defined Benefits Pension Scheme (SHAPS) and retirement benefits to employees of the Association are funded by the contributions from all participating employers and employees in the scheme. Payments are made in accordance with periodic calculations by consulting actuaries and are based on pension costs applicable across the various participating Associations taken as a whole.

The SHAPS is accounted for as a defined benefit scheme and as such the amount charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in respect of pension costs and other post retirement benefits is the estimated regular cost of providing the benefits accrued in the year, adjusted to reflect variations from that cost. The interest cost is included within other finance costs/income. Actuarial gains and losses arising from new valuations and from updating valuations to the reporting date are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

Defined benefit schemes are funded, with the assets held separately from the Association in separate trustee administered funds. Full actuarial valuations, by a professionally qualified actuary, are obtained at least every three years, and updated to reflect current conditions at each reporting date.

The pension scheme assets are measured at fair value. The pension scheme liabilities are measured using the projected unit method and discounted at the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency. A pension scheme asset is recognised on the Statement of Financial Position only to the extent that the surplus may be recovered by reduced future contributions or to the extent that the trustees have agreed a refund from the scheme at the reporting date. A pension scheme liability is recognised to the extent that the Association has a legal or constructive obligation to settle the liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

3. Judgements in applying policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions which affect reported income, expenses, assets, and liabilities. Use of available information and application of judgement are inherent in the formation of estimates, together with past experience and expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results in the future could differ from such estimates.

The Management Committee consider the following to be critical judgements in preparing the financial statements:

- The categorisation of housing properties as property, plant and equipment in line with the requirements of the SORP;
- The amount disclosed as 'operating profit' is representative of activities that would normally be regarded as 'operating'; and
- The identification of a cash generating unit for impairment purposes.

The Management Committee are satisfied that the accounting policies are appropriate and applied consistently. Key sources of estimation have been applied as follows:

Estimate Useful lives of property, plant and equipment	Basis of estimation The useful lives of property, plant and equipment are based on the knowledge of senior management at the Association, with reference to expected asset life cycles.
The main components of housing properties and their useful lives	The cost of housing properties is split into separately identifiable components. These components were identified by knowledgeable and experienced staff members and based on costing models.
Recoverable amount of rental and other trade receivables	Rental arrears and other trade receivables are reviewed by appropriately experienced senior management team members on a case by case basis with the balance outstanding together with the payment history of the individual tenant being taken into account.
The obligations under the SHAPs pension scheme	This has relied on the actuarial assumptions of a qualified actuary which have been reviewed and are considered reasonable and appropriate.

4. Particulars of turnover, operating expenditure and operating surplus

	Notes	Turnover £	Operating Expenditure £	2021 Operating Surplus £	Turnover £	Operating Expenditure £	2020 Operating Surplus £
Affordable lettings	5	2,126,186	(1,978,714)	147,472	2,093,300	(1,995,833)	97,467
Other activities	6	93,974	(91,924)	2,050	88,622	(59,943)	28,679
Total		2,220,160	(2,070,638)	149,522	2,181,922	(2,055,776)	126,146

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

5	Particulars of income and expenditure from affordable lettings	General Needs Housing £	Supported Housing £	Shared Ownership £	Other £	2021 Total £	2020 Total £
	Income from rent and service charges	_	_	_	~	_	_
	Rent receivable net of service charges Service charges	1,758,023 90,423	-	-	-	1,758,023 90,423	1,714,609 86,582
	Gross income from rents and service charges Less: Voids	1,848,446 (9,756)	-	-		1,848,446 (9,756)	1,801,191 (2,762)
	Net income from rents and service charges	1,838,690				1,838,690	1,798,429
	Release of deferred government grant Grants from the Scottish Ministers	285,864 1,632	-	-	-	285,864 1,632	291,328 3,543
	Total turnover from affordable letting activities	2,126,186	-	-		2,126,186	2,093,300
	Expenditure						
	Management and maintenance administration costs	1,038,757	-	-	-	1,038,757	921,997
	Service charges	95,839	-	-	-	95,839	87,139
	Planned cyclical maintenance including major repairs	204,689	-	-	-	204,689	325,595
	Reactive maintenance costs	164,578	-	-	-	164,578	157,253
	Bad debts - rents and service charges	9,166	-	-	-	9,166	29,751
	Depreciation of social housing	465,685				465,685	474,098
	Operating costs for affordable letting activities	1,978,714	-	-	-	1,978,714	1,995,833
	Operating surplus						
	On affordable letting activities, 2021	147,472				147,472	
	On affordable letting activities, 2020	97,467					97,467

Included in depreciation of social housing is £603 (2020 - £11,118) relating to the loss on disposal of components.

Included in management and maintenance administration costs is £145,996 (2020: £nil) in relation to impairment of office premises.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

6. Particulars of turnover, operating expenditure and operating surplus/(deficit) from other activities

s	Grants from Scottish inisters	Other Revenue Grants	Supporting People Income	Other Income	Turnover 2021 Total	Total	Operating Expenditure Bad Debts	Other Operating Expenditure	2021 Surplus/ (deficit)	2020 Surplus/ (deficit)
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Wider role activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,252	(20,252)	-
Commercial rent	-	-	-	12,252	12,252	12,000	-	-	12,252	12,000
Care and repair of property	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Factoring	-	-	-	81,722	81,722	76,622	361	71,311	10,050	16,679
Development and construction										
of property activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Support activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Care activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Agency/management services										
for RSL's	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other agency/management										
services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Development for sale to RSL's	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Development and improvements										
for sale to non RSL's	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial properties	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Disabled adaptations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total from other activities, 2021		-		93,974	93,974	88,622	361	91,563	2,050	
Total from other activities, 2020				88,622		88,622		59,943		28,679

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

7.	Operating surplus	2021 £	2020 £
	Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after		
	charging: Depreciation Auditor's remuneration	465,082	494,559
	- in their capacity as auditor	13,256	13,179
	- other services	2,000	2,000

8. Directors' emoluments

The Directors are defined as the members of the Management Committee, the Chief Executive and any other person reporting directly to the Chief Executive or the Management Committee whose total emoluments exceed £60,000 per year. Two of the Director's total emoluments exceeded £60,000 per year as shown below. The Association considers key management personnel to be the Management Committee and the senior management team (listed on the Association's information page) of the Association only. No emoluments are paid to any member of the Management Committee during the year.

	2021 £	2020 £
Emoluments of the Director and Chief Executive Social Security costs Employers pension contributions	130,245 13,851 19,675	64,383 7,691
	163,771	72,074

The Chief Executive is no longer an ordinary member of the Association's pension scheme described in Note 23. No enhanced or special terms apply to membership and they have no other pension arrangements to which the Association contributes. The Association's contributions for the Chief Executive include a proportion of the deficit contribution payment made to the scheme in the year (Note 23).

The emoluments of key management (excluding pension contributions and including social security costs and benefits in kind) for the year were £347,940 (2020 - £329,764). Their pension contributions (including the past service element) for the year were £41,979 (2020 - £21,920). No enhanced or special terms apply to membership and the directors have no other pension arrangements to which the Association contributes.

The emoluments (excluding pension contributions) of the directors were in the following range:

	2021 Number	2020 Number
£60,000 - £70,000	2	1
Total expenses reimbursed to Management Committee insofar as	£	£
not chargeable to UK income tax		184

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

9.	Employee information The average number of full time equivalent employees during the year was:	2021 Number 17	2020 Number 17
		2021 £	2020 £
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Pension contributions Service cost adjustment	618,935 58,134 68,513 (2,440) 743,142	588,756 56,991 40,459 45,000 731,206
10.	Interest receivable	2021 £	2020 £
	Interest receivable on deposits	5,683	13,339
11.	Interest payable and financing costs	2021 £	2020 £
	On private loans Defined benefit pension liability – interest charge (Note 23)	33,738 1,000	37,476 8,000
		34,738	45,476

12. Taxation

The Association is a registered charity and as a result no corporation tax is due on any surplus generated from charitable activities. No corporation tax is due on its non-charitable activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

13.	Housing stock		0004	0000
	The number of units of accommodation in	n management at year	2021	2020
	end:		Number	Number
	General needs housing Supported housing		456 -	456 -
			456	456
14a.	Tangible fixed assets	Havaina	Havaina	
		Housing Properties Held for General Letting £	Housing Properties Held for Supported Letting	Total £
	Cost: At 1 April 2020 Additions during year	17,002,066	-	17,002,066
	New unitsComponents	- 89,838		- 89,838
	Disposals during year	(63,561)		(63,151)
	As at 31 March 2021	17,028,343		17,028,343
	Depreciation: At 1 April 2020 Provided during the year Disposals during the year	9,405,343 465,082 (62,958)	-	9,405,343 465,082 (62,958)
	As at 31 March 2021	9,807,467		9,807,467
	Net book value:			
	As at 31 March 2021	7,220,876		7,220,876
	As at 31 March 2020	7,596.723		7,596.723

There were no property disposal in the current year (2020 - 0)

Additions to housing properties during the year includes £nil capitalised interest (2020 - £nil) and £nil capitalised administration costs (2020 - £nil). All housing properties are freehold.

The depreciation charge for the year for housing stock was £465,082(2020 - £462,980). The net book value of disposed components was £603 (2020 - £11,118) and has been included in depreciation of social housing in note 5 in accordance with the SORP.

Included in freehold housing properties is land with a historic cost allocation of £1,069,225 (2020: £1,069,255)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

14b. Other fixed assets

	Office Properties £	Furniture Fittings & Equipment £	Total £
Cost:	~	~	~
At 1 April 2020	535,054	54,784	589,838
Additions during year	-	35,842	35,842
Revaluations during the year	75,952	-	75,952
Impairment during the year	(145,996)	-	(145,996)
Disposals during year		(14,710)	(14,710)
As at 31 March 2021	465,010	75,916	540,926
Depreciation:			
At 1 April 2020	95,010	32,103	127,113
Provided during the year	4,700	15,183	19,883
Disposals during the year		(14,710)	(14,710)
As at 31 March 2021	99,710	32,576	132,286
Net book value:			
As at 31 March 2021	365,300	43,340	408,640
As at 31 March 2020	440,044	22,681	462,725

Included within office properties are investment properties held at valuation totalling £135,000 (2020 - £60,000). Valuations were provided by DM Hall Chartered Surveyors on 10 November 2020. As a result of the valuations 1271 Argyle Street has been impaired by £145,996 included above.

The company's interest in investment properties was valued at 31 March 2021 on an open market basis by the directors of the company.

If the investment properties had not been included at valuation they would have been included under the historical cost convention as follows:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Cost	70,952	70,952
Accumulated depreciation	-	-
	70,952	70,952

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

15. D	ebtors	2021 £	2020 £
Δ	mounts falling due within one year:	L	£
	rrears of rent and service charges	161,657	145,676
	ess: Provision for doubtful debts	(83,615)	(83,615)
	-	78,042	62,061
Pi	repayments and accrued income	115,025	129,363
	ther debtors	57,877	50,453
	-	250,944	241,877
16a. C	ash and cash equivalents	2021	2020
	uon unu cuon oquinalente	£	£
С	ash at bank and in hand	210,844	272,355
		210,484	272,355
16b. In	nvestments	2021	2020
		£	£
В	alances held on deposit	2,082,412	1,939,232
		2,082,412	1,939,232
17 C	reditors: Amounts falling due within one year	2021	2020
17. 0	reditors. Amounts faming due within one year	£	£
Н	ousing loans	48,413	46,889
	rade creditors	84,756	285,046
0	other taxation and social security	13,752	13,760
	other creditors	475,702	460,649
A	ccruals	154,049	95,837
	ent paid in advance	72,684	<i>66,44</i> 2
D	eferred capital grants (Note 19)	285,864	287,401
	ension creditor	12,911	6,631
		1,148,131	1,262,655

Pension contributions of £12,911 were outstanding at the year-end (2020 - £6,104)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

18.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	2021 £	2020 £
	Deferred capital grants (Note 19) Housing loans	4,803,293 885,228	5,083,440 935,165
		5,688,521	6,018.605
	Housing loans are secured by specific charges on the Association's of housing properties secured at the year end was £1,236,263 (2 bank loan (2020:1 bank loan), which is repayable at a fixed interest repayable within the next 30 years as follows:-	2020 - £1,317,450 rate of 5.04%. Th	5). There is 1 ese loans are
		2021 £	2020 £
	Within one year Between one and two years Between two and five years After five years	48,413 48,413 145,236 691,579	46,889 46,889 140,666 747,610
		933,641	982,054
	Recognised within amounts falling due in less than 1 year (Note 17)	(48,413)	(46,889)
	·	885,228	935,165
19.	Deferred capital grants	2021 £	2020 £
	Deferred capital grants 1 April Grants received in year Released to income in the year on disposal Released to income in year	5,370,841 4,180 - (285,864)	5,641,191 20,978 (3,927) (287,401)
	Deferred capital grants at 31 March	5,089,157	5,370,841
	Liability split as: Within one year Between one and two years Between two and five years After five years	285,864 285,864 857,591 3,659,838 5,089,157	287,401 287,401 862,203 3,933,836 5,370,841

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

20.	Share capital	2021 £	2020 £
	At 1 April Shares of £1 each fully paid and issued in the year Shares forfeited in the year	122 1 (8)	126 1 (5)
	At 31 March	115	122

Each member of the Association holds one share of £1 in the Association. These shares carry no rights to dividend or distributions on a winding up. When a shareholder ceases to be a member, that person's share is cancelled and the amount paid thereon becomes the property of the Association. Each member has a right to vote at members' meetings.

21. Reserves

Revenue reserves include all current and prior year retained surpluses or deficits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

22.	Net cash flow from operating activities	2021 £	2020 £
	Surplus for the year	120,467	94,009
	Adjustments for non-cash items:		
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	485,568	494,559
	Impairment of tangible fixed assets	145,996	-
	(Increase) in debtors	(9,067)	(20,575)
	(Decrease)/ Increase in creditors	(114,511)	157,463
	Interest charge in respect of the defined benefit pension	, , ,	•
	liability	4,000	11,000
	Staff service costs in respect of the defined benefit liability	(2,440)	45,000
	Adjustments for investing and financing activities:		
	Interest payable	34,738	<i>45,476</i>
	Interest received	(5,683)	(13,339)
	Release of deferred Government capital grants	(285,864)	(291,328)
	Forfeited share capital	(8)	(5)
		373,196	522,260

23. Pension obligations

General

Yorkhill Housing Association Limited participates in the Scottish Housing Pension Scheme (the Scheme).

The Scheme is a multi-employer defined benefit scheme. The Scheme offers six benefit structures to employers, namely;

Final salary with a 1/60th accrual rate

Career average revalued earnings with a 1/60th accrual rate

Career average revalued earnings with a 1/70th accrual rate

Career average revalued earnings with a 1/80th accrual rate

Career average revalued earnings with a 1/120th accrual rate contracted in

Defined Contribution

An employer can elect to operate different benefit structures for their active members (as at the first day of April in any given year) and their new entrants. The DC option can be introduced by the employer on the first day of any month after giving a minimum of three months' prior notice.

Yorkhill Housing Association Limited has elected to close the defined benefit scheme as at 01 July 2020 with all staff transferred over to the defined contribution scheme. Prior to this, the Association operated the final salary with a 1/60th accrual rate for staff employed prior to 1 April 2011. All staff employed from 1 April 2011 were previously eligible to join the CARE 1/120th scheme including staff auto-enrolled from the staging date of 1 August 2016.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

23. Pension obligations (continued)

During the accounting period and prior to the defined benefit scheme closing, Yorkhill Housing Association Limited paid contributions at the rate of 12.6% of pensionable salaries for staff on Final Salary Scheme and 6.1% for staff on CARE 1/120th scheme. Member contributions were 12.5% and 6.0% respectively. After the 01 July 2020, former final salary members employer contributions were 12.6% and former CARE 1/20th employer contributions were 9%. Employee contributions were 12.5% and 6% respectively. All payments after 01 July 2020 were made under the defined contribution scheme. There was an additional annual employer past service deficit contribution of £92,560 (net of administration costs) made in the year ended 31 March 2021 (2020 - £91,373).

As at the balance sheet date there were no active members of the Final Salary Scheme or the Care 1/120th scheme (2020 - 5 were members of the Final Salary Scheme & 8 were members of the Care 1/20th scheme). The annual pensionable payroll in respect of these members was £619,906 (2020 - £421,574). Yorkhill Housing Association Limited has stopped membership of the Scheme to its employees.

The Trustees commission an actuarial valuation of the Scheme every three years. The main purpose of the valuation is to determine the financial position of the Scheme in order to determine the level of future contributions required, so that the Scheme can meet its pension obligations as they fall due.

The actuarial valuation assesses whether the Scheme's assets at the valuation date are likely to be sufficient to pay the pension benefits accrued by members as at the valuation date. Asset values are calculated by reference to market values. Accrued pension benefits are valued by discounting expected future benefit payments using a discount rate calculated by reference to the expected future investment returns.

The last triennial valuation of the Scheme was performed as at 30 September 2018 by a professionally qualified actuary using the "projected unit credit" method. The market value of the Scheme's assets at the valuation date was £877 million. The valuation revealed a shortfall of assets compared to liabilities of £121 million, equivalent to a past service funding level of 86%.

If an actuarial valuation reveals a shortfall of assets compared to liabilities the Trustee must prepare a recovery plan setting out the steps to be taken to make up the shortfall.

The key valuation assumptions used to determine the assets and liabilities of the Scheme as at 30 September 2018 are detailed below:

-	Investment return pre retirement			3.12% per annum
-	Investment return post retirement	-	Non-pensioners	3.12% per annum
-	Investment return post retirement	-	Pensioners	3.12% per annum
-	Rate of salary increases			3.35% per annum
-	Rate of pension increases 2005	-	pension accrued pre 6 April	2.00% per annum
		-	pension accrued from 6 April 2005	1.70% per annum
		-	(for leavers before 1 October 199 5%)	3 pension increases are
-	Rate of price inflation		•	3.35% per annum

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

23. Pension obligations (continued)

The Trustee's view is that a new recovery plan is required from 1 April 2020 with a past service deficit contribution rate of £92,560, increasing by 3% per annum until the scheme is assessed for 30 September 2022. If the results show no deficit is identified, then deficit contributions will cease from that date. If, however the results show the deficit has not been cleared then these deficit contributions will continue until 31 March 2023, or until such time that the deficit has been cleared.

Present values of defined benefit obligation, fair value of assets and defined benefit liability

	31 March 2021 £'000	31 March 2020 £'000
Fair value of plan assets	3,356	3,000
Present value of defined benefit obligations	(3,716)	(3,098)
Defined benefit liability to be recognised	(360)	(98)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

23. Pension obligations (continued)

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the defined benefit obligation

Year ended	Year ended
31 March	31 March
2021	2020
£'000	£'000
(3,098)	(3,513)
(18)	(88)
(3)	(3)
(73)	(80)
(13)	(39)
(38)	93
-	21
(576)	304
103	207
(3,716)	(3,098)
	31 March 2021 £'000 (3,098) (18) (3) (73) (13) (38) - (576) 103

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the fair value of plan assets

	Year ended 31 March 2021 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2020 £'000
Fair value of plan assets at start of the period	3,000	3,165
Interest income	72	72
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest		
income gain/ (loss)	261	(203)
Contributions by the employer	113	134
Contributions by participants	13	39
Benefits paid and expenses	(103)	(207)
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	3,356	3,000

Defined benefit costs recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income

	Year ended 31 March 2021 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2020 £'000
Current service cost Admin expenses Net interest expense	18 3 1	88 3 8
Defined benefit costs recognised in Statement of Comprehensive Income	22	99

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

23. Pension obligations (continued)

	Year ended 31 March 2021 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2020 £'000
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest cost – (loss)/gain Experience gains and losses arising on the plan liabilities – (loss)/gain Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the	261 (38)	(203) 93
present value of the defined benefit obligation – gain Effects of changes in the financial assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation – (loss)/ gain	(576)	21 304
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income – gain	(353)	215
Fund allocation for employer's calculated share of assets		
	31 March	31 March
	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
Global Equity	519	413
Absolute Return	165	184
Distressed Opportunities	115	<i>5</i> 5
Credit Relative Value	97	72
Alternative Risk Premia	135	240
Fund of Hedge Funds	405	-
Emerging Markets Debt Risk Sharing	135 120	107 95
Insurance-Linked Securities	70	93 80
Property	60	56
Infrastructure	187	177
Private Debt	79	59
Opportunistic Illiquid Credit	86	73
High Yield	88	-
Opportunistic Credit	92	-
Cash	1	-
Corporate Bond Fund	253	219
Liquid credit	58 78	79 73
Long Lease Property Secured Income	184	73 167
Over 15 Year Gilts	2	38
Liability Driven Investment	807	790
Net Current Assets	25	23
Total Assets	3,356	3,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

23. Pension obligations (continued)

The main financial assumptions used by the Scheme Actuary, TPT, in their FRS 102 calculations are as follows:

Assumptions as at	31 March 2021 % per annum
Discount rate	2.14
Inflation (RPI)	3.30
Inflation (CPI)	2.85
Salary growth	3.85
Allowance for commutation of pension for cash at retirement	75% of
·	maximum
	allowance

The mortality assumptions adopted at 31 March 2021 imply the following life expectancies:

	Life expectancy at age 65 (years)	
Male retiring in 2021	21.5	
Female retiring in 2021	23.4	
Male retiring in 2041	22.8	
Female retiring in 2041	25.0	

Life expectancy is based on the Fund's VitaCurves with improvements in line with the CMI 2017 model with an allowance for smoothing of recent mortality experience and long term rates of 1.25% p.a. for males and 1% p.a. for females.

Member data summary

Active members			
	Number	Total earnings (£'000s p.a.)	Average age (unweighted)
Males	7	277	50
Females	7	203	47
Total	14	480	47
Deferred members			
	Number	Deferred pensions	Average age
		(£'000s p.a.)	(unweighted)
Males	1	-	52
Females	4	2	53
Total	5	2	53
Pensioners			
	Number	Pensions	Average age
		(£'000s p.a.)	(unweighted)
Males	2	6	63
Females	11	96	67
Total	13	102	67

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

23. Pension obligations (continued)

Employer debt on withdrawal

Following a change in legislation in September 2005 there is a potential debt on the employer that could be levied by the Trustee of the Scheme. The debt is due in the event of the employer ceasing to participate in the Scheme or the Scheme winding up. The debt for the Scheme as a whole is calculated by comparing the liabilities for the Scheme (calculated on a buyout basis i.e. the cost of securing benefits by purchasing annuity policies from an insurer, plus an allowance for expenses) with the assets of the Scheme. If the liabilities exceed assets there is a buy-out debt.

The leaving employer's share of the buy-out debt is the proportion of the Scheme's liability attributable to employment with the leaving employer compared to the total amount of the Scheme's liabilities (relating to employment with all the employers). The leaving employer's debt therefore includes a share of any 'orphan' liabilities in respect of previously participating employers. The amount of the debt therefore depends on many factors including total Scheme liabilities, Scheme investment performance, the liabilities in respect of current and former employees of the employer, financial conditions at the time of the cessation event and the insurance buy-out market. The amounts of debt can therefore be volatile over time.

The Association has been notified by TPT of the estimated employer debt on withdrawal from the Scheme based on the financial position of the Scheme as at 30 September 2018. The employer debt on withdrawal based on the valuation as at 30 September 2020 was £2,169,464.

GMP equalisation

Guaranteed Minimum Pension (GMP) is the minimum pension which an occupational pension scheme in the UK has to provide for those employees who were contracted out of the State Earnings-Related Pension Scheme (SERPS).

Both pension scheme members and sponsoring employers paid lower National Insurance contributions at the time of accrual given the lower benefits being accrued for the member by the state.

Women can currently receive their GMP benefits at age 60 compared to age 65 for men. GMP also accrued at a faster rate for women than men. Historically some defined benefit schemes had different retirement ages for men and women. Therefore schemes are required to "equalize" pension ages and overall benefit scales between males and females. The Scheme actuary is therefore required to estimate the impact of GMP and include an allowance for the increase in calculated liabilities.

24. Payments to members and key management personnel

Some members of the Management Committee are tenants of the Association. The tenancies of these Committee Members are on normal terms and the members cannot use their position to their advantage.

The total rent and service charge payable in the year relating to tenant Board members is £28,624 (2020 - £32,674). The prepaid rent relating to tenant Board members included within debtors at the yearend is £1,279 (2020 - £1,188). The total rental arrears relating to tenant Board members included within creditors at the year-end is £392 (2020 - £490).

The total remuneration (including pension contributions and benefits in kind) paid to Key Management who are deemed to be the Executive Officers as noted on the Association's information page was £389,919 (2020 - £373,898).